'समानो मन्त्रः समितिः समानी'

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL

B.A. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2023

SEC1-P1-ENGLISH

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 60

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

The question paper contains PAPER-I and PAPER-II.
The candidates are required to answer any *one* from *two* Papers.
Candidates should mention it clearly on the Answer Book.

PAPER-I

TEXT COMPREHENSION AND EDITING

1. Read the passage carefully and answer the following questions: 2×8 = 16

Anand's bicycle has a flat tyre. He cannot ride it. He has to repair a puncture. He does not need to pay the man at the bicycle shop to mend it. He can repair it himself. He has taken out the inner tube. He has tested it and has found the puncture.

The test is easy. You get a bucket of water. You blow up the inner tube with a bicycle pump and put the tube into the water, bit by bit. You move the tube round till you see a stream of air bubbles coming up through the water. You mark the place where the air is coming out with a special pencil. Anand has one of these pencils. His father has given him a repair outfit. The pencil is in the outfit. He has marked the place where the puncture is. When the inner tube is dry he is going to stick a rubber patch on the puncture. He is going to stick it on with rubber solution. There are some patches and a tube of rubber solution in the repair outfit. When Anand has repaired his bicycle, he is going to ride it again.

(a) Why can't Anand ride his bicycle?

(b) Who is going to mend the puncture?

(c) What did Anand test to find the puncture?

(d) What is the first step of the test to find a puncture?

(e) Who has given Anand the things to mend the puncture with?

(f) What is used to mark the place where the air is coming out from?

(g) What will Anand do when the inner tube is dry?

(h) What will Anand do after repairing his bicycle?

     1   Turn Over

2. Read the following poem carefully and answer the following questions:

$2 \times 8 = 16$

5.

The Seventh of September
Was a warm and humid day,
The air so still and peaceful,
The war seemed far away.
But this was an illusion
For on that fateful afternoon
As the East End basked in sunshine
The peace would be ending soon.

The wailing of the siren
Heralding the coming raid,
Distant gunfire coming nearer
It was time to be afraid.
'Come on get down the shelter!'
I heard my father cry,
As a droning air armada
Approached across the sky.

(a) When is the poem set?

(b) What sort of a day was it?

(c) How did the air seem?

(d) What did the narrator discover to be an illusion?

(e) Which part of the place basked in sunshine?

(f) What sound heralded the coming raid?

(g) What did the narrator hear the father cry?

(h) What approached across the sky?

3. Read the following paragraph carefully and attempt a summary of it:

$10 \times 1 = 10$

Comprehension is part of life. Every waking minute, your brain is busy making sense of your world. It could be compared, in fact, to a very complicated computer. Messages are constantly coming in about what you see, hear, smell, touch, or taste. Your brain receives these messages, interprets them, sorts them, and saves them. When new information arrives, your brain looks for some connection to information already there. If it finds a connection, the new information becomes part of a network and is saved in your long-term memory. When it does not find a connection, the new information is quickly forgotten and lost.

4. Answer any *one* of the following questions:

$6 \times 1 = 6$

(a) What is editing and why do we need to edit?

(b) What is the function of a copy editor?

(c) How does style sheet writing relate to proofreading?

5. Apply any *six* proofreading symbols to the paragraph given below in reference to   2×6 = 12
the correct version of it:

people Have al ways been intterested in bees. This interest May have begun with
what the bees make — honey. In fact arch aeologists have found evidence that
peoplle have been eating honey for many thousands of years

Correct version:

People have always been interested in bees. This interest may have begun with
what the bees make-honey. In fact, archaeologists have found evidence that
people have been eating honey for many thousands of years.

PAPER-II

CREATIVE WRITING

1. Answer any *four* of the following questions: 10×4 = 40

(a) Discipline is as necessary as imagination in creative writing—Discuss.

(b) Do you think censorship is necessary in relationship to the art of Creative
Writing? Give reasons for your answer.

(c) Can the art of creative writing be taught? Give reasons for your answer.

(d) Use your readings in this course to write an essay on The Creative Process of
Writing.

(e) Would you consider diary writing as a mode of creative writing? Answer
critically.

(f) Write a note on broadcast media.

(g) Write a book proposal that you wish to send to a publishing house for
consideration.

(h) What, in your opinion, is the difference between the preparation made by an
expert and a novice writer, while preparing for publication?

2. Answer any *four* of the following questions: 5×4 = 20

(a) Write a short note on technology-enhanced creativity.

(b) How does reading help in Creative Writing?

(c) What are the differences between a script and a screenplay?

(d) Write a review of a theatre festival you attended recently.

(e) What are the fundamentals of a good advertisement?

(f) What is the role of a literary agent?

(g) What are some of the points to be kept in mind before submitting a manuscript
for publication?

(h) Write a short note on the role of interpretation in the context of revising a creative
piece.

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UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL

B.A. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2023

SEC1-P1-BENGALI

NEW & RE-REVISED SYLLABUS

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 60

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

বিভাগ-ক

১। নিম্নলিখিত যে-কোনো চারটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাওঃ

৩×৪ = ১২

(ক) হ্যালহেডের রচিত ব্যাকরণ বইটির নাম লেখো। এই বইটি কত সালে, কোন প্রেস থেকে মুদ্রিত ও প্রকাশিত হয় উল্লেখ করো।

(খ) উইলিয়াম কেরির রচিত ব্যাকরণ বইটির নাম কী ? বইটি কত সালে প্রকাশিত হয় লেখো। এই বইটিতে ব্যাকরণে কয়টি অধ্যায় পাওয়া যায় উল্লেখ করো।

(গ) বাঙালীর রচিত বাংলা ভাষায় প্রথম বাংলা ব্যাকরণ কে রচনা করেছিলেন ? বইটির প্রকাশকালসহ নাম লেখো।

(ঘ) বাক্য কাকে বলে ? বাক্যকে যথাযথভাবে রূপ দিতে হলে কী কী বৈশিষ্ট্য থাকা জরুরি লেখো।

(ঙ) বাক্য কয় প্রকার ও কী কী ? প্রত্যেক প্রকার বাক্যের উদাহরণসহ সংজ্ঞা দাও।

(চ) বাচ্য বলতে কী বোঝো ? বাচ্য কত প্রকার হয় ? যে-কোনো একটির উদাহরণসহ বৈশিষ্ট্য লেখো।

বিভাগ-খ

২। নিম্নলিখিত যে-কোনো চারটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাওঃ

৬×৪ = ২৪

(ক) ODBL কার লেখা ? বাংলা ব্যাকরণ চর্চার ইতিহাসে তাঁর গুরুত্ব লেখো।

(খ) বাংলা ব্যাকরণ চর্চায় হ্যালহেডের গুরুত্ব আলোচনা করো।

(গ) উইলিয়াম কেরি কোন প্রয়োজনীয়তার জন্য ব্যাকরণ লিখেছিলেন ? তাঁর রচিত ব্যাকরণ বই বাংলা গদ্যে কতখানি বিশিষ্টতার দাবিদার আলোচনা করো।

(ঘ) লিঙ্গ কথাটির অর্থ কী ? বাংলা ভাষায় কয়টি লিঙ্গ আছে ? প্রত্যেক প্রকারের নাম উল্লেখ করে উদাহরণ দাও।

(ঙ) বাংলা ভাষায় পুরুষ কত প্রকার উদাহরণসহ লেখো। মধ্যম পুরুষ কাকে বলে ? এটি কয়টি শ্রেণিতে বিভক্ত ? প্রকারভেদগুলির উদাহরণসহ নাম লেখো।

(চ) সাধু ভাষা থেকে চলিত ভাষায় রূপান্তর করোঃ

"তিনি অশ্রুপূর্ণ নয়নে বিষন্নবদনে বার বার দীর্ঘশ্বাস ফেলিতেছেন। তিনি যেন সন্দেহাকুল স্মৃতি, নিপতিত সমৃদ্ধি, বিনত শ্রদ্ধা, প্রতিহত আশা, মিথ্যা অপবাদগ্রস্ত কীর্তি। হনুমান অনুমান করিলেন, ইনিই সীতা, কারণ রাম যে সকল ভূষণের কথা বলিয়াছেন তাহা ইঁহার অঙ্গে রহিয়াছে, অন্যান্য ভূষণ ও উত্তরীয় যাহা ঋষ্যমূকে ফেলিয়া দিয়াছেন তাহা নাই।"

বিভাগ-গ

৩। নিম্নলিখিত যে-কোনো দুটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাওঃ

১২×২ = ২৪

(ক) বাংলা ব্যাকরণ চর্চার ইতিহাসে রামমোহন রায়ের অবদান আলোচনা করো।

(খ) রবীন্দ্রনাথ ঠাকুর কেন বাংলা ব্যাকরণ চর্চার ইতিহাসে স্মরণীয়, তা উল্লেখ করো।

(গ) আধুনিক বাংলা ব্যাকরণে সুনীতিকুমার চট্টোপাধ্যায়ের অবদান আলোচনা করো।

(ঘ) গঠন অনুসারে বাক্যকে কয়টি ভাগে ভাগ করা যায় ? প্রত্যেক ভাগের উদাহরণসহ শ্রেণীবিন্যাস করো।

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UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL

B.A. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2023

SEC1-P1-HISTORY

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 40

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

The question paper contains two parts: SEC1-A and SEC1-B
The candidates are required to answer any *one* from *two* parts.
Candidates should mention it clearly on the Answer Book.

SEC1-A

UNDERSTANDING HERITAGE

GROUP-A

Answer any *five* questions

1×5 = 5

1.	Define tangible heritage.	1
2.	What is meant by antiquity?	1
3.	What is meant by archaeological site?	1
4.	Who enacted Monument Preservation Act first time in India?	1
5.	Who is the author of the book 'In the Name of the Goddess: The Durga Pujas of Contemporary Kolkata'?	1
6.	Which is the world's first living heritage university?	1
7.	Where is the Jatileswar temple located?	1
8.	Who was the first person to discover the Ajanta Caves?	1

GROUP-B

Answer any *three* questions

5×3 = 15

9.	Differentiate between 'tangible' heritage and 'intangible' heritage.	5
10.	Why should heritage conservation be a priority?	5
11.	What are the recent trends in tours and travels connected with understanding heritage?	5
12.	Discuss in brief about any UNESCO listed cultural heritage of India.	5
13.	Trace the importance of Bhaoyaiya song as cultural heritage.	5

GROUP-C

Answer any *two* questions
10×2 = 20

14. Examine the challenges faced by tangible and intangible heritage in modern times. — 10

15. Examine the importance of tourism in conserving historically important sites. — 10

16. Discuss the methods that are applied for the Conservation and Preservation of heritage. — 10

17. Write about your experience of visiting any heritage site. — 10

SEC1-B

ARCHIVES AND MUSEUMS

CATEGORY-A

Answer any *five* questions from the following
1×5 = 5

1. Define Museum. — 1

2. What is the name of the oldest museum of the world? — 1

3. What do you mean by Children's Museum? — 1

4. In which state of India The Salar Jung Museum is situated? — 1

5. Who is the father of National Archives of India? — 1

6. What is advisable to install in Archives to maintain required temperature? — 1

7. Who is a 'Curator'? — 1

8. Name the author of the book 'A Manual of Archival Administration'. — 1

CATEGORY-B

Answer any *three* questions from the following
5×3 = 15

9. What is the importance of Museum in historical study? — 5

10. How are the objects of a Museum collected? — 5

11. Write a note on the ethics of Museum conservation. — 5

12. What is Indexing and Cataloguing? — 5

13. What is conservation and restoration? — 5

CATEGORY-C

Answer any *two* questions from the following
10×2 = 20

14. What is the role of Museum in society? — 10

15. Write a note on the classification of Museums. — 10

16. Discuss the history of National Archives of India. — 10

17. Discuss your experience of a visit to a Museum or Archive. — 10

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UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL

B.A. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2023

SEC1-P1-POLITICAL SCIENCE (301)

PUBLIC OPINION AND SURVEY RESEARCH

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 60

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

GROUP-A

Answer any *two* questions from the following 　　　　　12×2 = 24

1. What is Public Opinion? Discuss the major characteristics of Public Opinion. Critically analyse the role of public opinion in a Democratic Political System. 　3+3+6

2. Define sampling. What are the different types of sampling? 　4+8

3. What is Interview? Discuss the types and forms of Interview. 　4+8

4. Examine the key challenges for poll predictions in India's changing electoral democracy. 　12

GROUP-B

Answer any *four* questions from the following 　　　　　6×4 = 24

5. Differentiate between descriptive statistics and inferential statistics. 　6

6. What is Psephology? Discuss its importance in polling research. 　6

7. Point out the differences between quantitative research and qualitative research. 　6

8. Discuss the differences between primary and secondary data. 　6

9. Calculate the standard deviation from the following data: 　6
   x : 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24.

10. Calculate the arithmetic mean from the distribution: 　6

x	20-25	25-30	30-35	35-40	40-45	45-50	50-55
y	10	12	8	20	11	4	5

GROUP-C

11. Write short notes on any *four* of the following: 　3×4 =12

    (a) Sampling error

    (b) Statistical mean

    (c) Exit poll

    (d) Quota sampling

    (e) Characteristic of questionnaire

    (f) Opinion poll.

―――x―――

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL

B.A. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2023

SEC1-P1-EDUCATION

NEW AND OLD SYLLABUS

Time Allotted: 2 Hours   Full Marks: 40

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

The question paper contains SEC-1A and SEC-1B. Candidates are required to answer any *one* from *two* sections and they should mention it clearly on the Answer Book.

NEW SYLLABUS

SEC-1A
STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

GROUP-A

Answer any *five* questions from the following $1 \times 5 = 5$

1. Name the different measures of central tendency.

2. Which is the most reliable measure of variability?

3. Define Percentile Rank.

4. What do you mean by coefficient of correlation?

5. What is a Leptokurtic curve?

6. How will the SD of a given distribution change if all the values in the distribution are increased by 4?

7. Which is the quickest measure of variability?

8. Which is the most reliable measure of central tendency?

GROUP-B

Answer any *three* questions from the following $5 \times 3 = 15$

9. Calculate AD from the following data:

Scores :	110-114	105-109	100-104	95-99	90-94	85-89	80-84	
f :	4	4	3	0	3	3	1	(N = 18)

10. Explain with examples the different types of correlation.

11. Discuss the uses of Parametric tests.

12. Write a note on properties of Normal Probability Curve.

13. How will you explain a skewed distribution?

GROUP-C

Answer any *two* questions from the following

$10 \times 2 = 20$

14. Compute mean, median and mode from the following distribution:

$4+4+2$

Scores : 70-71 68-69 66-67 64-65 62-63 60-61 58-59 56-57 54-55 52-53 50-51

f : 2 2 3 4 6 7 5 1 2 3 1 $(N=36)$

15. Compute P_{45} and P_{80} from the following distribution:

$5+5$

Scores : 70-74 65-69 60-64 55-59 50-54 45-49 40-44 35-39 30-34 25-29

f : 3 4 7 12 14 21 17 15 10 2 $(N=105)$

16. Compute coefficient of correlation using Rank Difference Method from the given data and interpret the result.

$7+3$

Individuals	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
Score in X	12	15	24	20	8	15	20	20	11	26
Score in Y	21	25	35	24	16	18	25	16	16	38

17. Compute Kurtosis and interpret the result from the following distribution:

$6+4$

Scores : 125-129 120-124 115-119 110-114 105-109 100-104 95-99 90-94 85-89 80-84

f : 1 5 7 6 9 9 6 4 1 2 $(N=50)$

OR

SEC-1B

COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

GROUP-A

Answer any *five* questions from the following

$1 \times 5 = 5$

1. What is the full form of PPT?
2. Name the extension used for an excel file.
3. Which keys are used as shortcut to copy a file?
4. How do you draw a line in a word document?
5. What are Templates in MS-Word?
6. What is the shortcut to start a slide show in PPT?
7. What is WordArt?
8. How do you permanently delete a file?

GROUP-B

Answer any *three* questions from the following

$5 \times 3 = 15$

9. Write down the importance of WordArt.
10. How do you insert pictures in a Word Document?
11. How do you use Templates in MS-Word?
12. How do you insert graph in MS-Word?
13. Write down the process of basic editing of a word file.

GROUP-C

Answer any *two* questions from the following　　　　10×2 = 20

4. Discuss the uses of Themes and Layouts.　　　　5+5
5. Explain the meaning and need of custom animation in PPT.　　　　5+5
6. Explain in detail the process of proofing and printing.
7. Explain the need and importance of MS-Word in our daily lives.

OLD SYLLABUS

SEC-1A

STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

GROUP-A

Answer any *five* questions from the following　　　　1×5 = 5

1. Which is the most reliable measure of central tendency?
2. 10, 9, 8, 9, 1, 10, 10, 7, 1 — Identify the mode.
3. Write down the formula for Percentile Point.
4. Name the different measures of variability.
5. What do you mean by coefficient of correlation?
6. Which is the quickest measure of variability?
7. Write down the formula for Q.D.
8. Write down any one use of median.

GROUP-B

Answer any *three* questions from the following　　　　5×3 = 15

9. Calculate AD from the following distribution:

Scores :	80-84	85-89	90-94	95-99	100-104	105-109	110-114	
f :	1	3	3	0	3	4	4	(N = 18)

10. Explain the characteristics of Normal Probability Curve.
11. Discuss the uses of Parametric Tests.
12. Write down the advantages of mean.
13. Calculate Median from the given data —
    20, 10, 12, 15, 25, 18, 14, 35, 40, 38.

GROUP-C

Answer any *two* questions from the following　　　　10×2 = 20

14. Compute mean, median and mode from the following distribution:　　　　4+4+2

Scores :	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85-89	90-94	
f :	3	3	4	6	6	14	9	8	2	4	1	(N = 60)

15. Compute Q.D. from the following distribution:　　　　10

Scores :	125-129	120-124	115-119	110-114	105-109	100-104	95-99	90-94	85-89	80-84	
f :	1	5	7	6	9	9	6	4	1	2	(N = 50)

16. Compute coefficient of correlation using Rank Difference Method. 10

Individuals	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
X	12	15	24	20	8	15	20	20	11	26
Y	21	25	35	24	16	18	25	16	16	38

17. Compute P_{20}, P_{45}, P_{60} and P_{80} from the following distribution: $2\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 10$

Scores:	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-72
f:	2	4	5	7	9	8	9	7	6	3

OR

SEC-1B

COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

GROUP-A

Answer any *five* questions from the following

1×5 = 5

1. What is MS-Word?

2. What is WordArt?

3. How do you apply Themes in MS-Word?

4. How do you insert pictures in MS-Word?

5. What is a Template?

6. Name the file formats that can be added to PowerPoint.

7. What does Ctrl+C mean?

8. How will you start a slideshow in PPT?

GROUP-B

Answer any *three* questions from the following

5×3 = 15

9. How can documents be compared in MS-Word?

10. Write down the process of basic editing.

11. Mention the steps followed to merge and protect documents in MS-Word.

12. How do you insert graphics in MS-PowerPoint?

13. How can you format tables in MS-Word?

GROUP-C

Answer any *two* questions from the following

10×2 = 20

14. Write about Printing and Publishing in MS-Word.

15. Discuss the use of Themes and Layouts.

16. Write down the need and importance of Desktop Publishing.

17. Explain in detail the utility of MS-PowerPoint.

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'सम्पानो मन्त्रः समितिः समानी'
UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL
B.A. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2023

SEC1-P1-SANSKRIT

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 60

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

UNIT-I

1. **षण्णां** वाक्यानां वाच्यपरिवर्तनं कुरुत (देवनागरीलिप्या एव) —

   $2×6 = 12$

   (क) शिष्यः वेदान् पठतु।

   (ख) मया व्याकरणं पठ्यते।

   (ग) दरिद्राय धनं देयम्।

   (घ) अहं नदीं दृष्टवान्।

   (ङ) भृत्यः अजां ग्रामं नयति।

   (च) छात्रः फलं खादिष्यति।

   (छ) देवदत्तः ओदनं पचति।

   (ज) पित्रा स उक्तः।

2. अधोलिखितमनुच्छेदं सयत्नं पठित्वा तद्गतानां प्रश्नानाम् उत्तरं सरलसंस्कृतभाषया देवनागरीलिप्या च $3×4 = 12$
   देयम् —

   पर्वत-शिखरे यो हिमानीसमूहः संहतो भवति तस्य कस्यचित् अंशः सूर्योत्तापेन द्रवीभूता जलधारारूपेण नीचैरवतरन्ति । इयमेव जलधारा समतलभूमिमुपलभ्य नद्युपनदीसमूहानां पुष्टिमुपपादयति । नदी-समूहा इमं सलिल-राशिं समुपादाय समुद्रे विसर्जयन्ति । अतएव नदी-समुद्र-पर्वताकाशेषु सर्वत्रैव परस्पर तोयादान-प्रदाने प्रचलतः । नद्याः समुद्रात् च वाष्पराशिरुद्गम्य क्रमेणोर्ध्वमाक्रामति, अत्यूर्ध्वमुत्थितश्च शैत्येन परस्परं संहत्य नीहाररूपेण पर्वत-शिखरे संसज्जते । स एव पुनः सूर्यकिरणैः द्रवीभूय स्रोतधारा- रूपेण नदीगर्भे लब्धाश्रयः सागरमभि प्रधावति ।

   (क) कथं जलधारा नद्यादीनां पोषणमावहति ?

   (ख) जलानामादानप्रदाने केषां कीदृक् स्वरूपे ?

   (ग) क उत्थाय कुत्र संसज्जते ?

   (घ) सूर्य-कर-संस्पर्शेन तस्य परिणाम आश्रयो वा कीदृशः ?

3. अधोलिखितेषु **द्वयोः** संस्कृतभाषायामनूद्य देवनागरीलिप्या लिखत — $6×2 = 12$

   (a) Honesty is the best policy. An honest man is respected by all. No one can prosper in life if he is not honest.

1

(b) What is utility of acquiring knowledge, if it makes a man proud and selfish? The main function of learning is to foster politeness.

(c) Sanskrit is very old language, but it can be used in modern era also. Sanskrit is the most scientific language for computer.

UNIT-II

4.　Answer any *one* of the following questions:　　　　　　　　$12 \times 1 = 12$

(a) What is Internet? Write down elaborately about the uses of Internet.

(b) Write a detailed note on the 'Generation of Computer'.

5.　Write any *two* short notes of the following:　　　　　　　　$6 \times 2 = 12$

(a) RAM

(b) Input Devices

(c) Memory of computer

(d) Rewrite the following verse in Roman letter with diacritical marks:

लोकेऽस्मिन् द्विविधा निष्ठा पुरा प्रोक्ता मयानघ।

ज्ञानयोगेन सांख्यानां कर्मयोगेन योगिनाम् ॥

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UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL
B.A. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2023

SEC1-P1-PHILOSOPHY

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 60

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

SECTION-I

1. Answer any *four* questions of the following: 3×4 = 12

    (a) What are the basic skills of Counselling?   3

    (b) What do you mean by "non-possessive warmth" of a Counsellor?   3

    (c) Is aggressive communication harmful for mental health?   3

    (d) What do you mean by active listening?   3

    (e) What is the difference between confidentiality and privacy or secrecy?   3

    (f) What kind of therapy is introduced by Carl Rogers?   3

SECTION-II

2. Answer any *four* questions of the following: 6×4 = 24

    (a) Discuss the object of Counselling.   6

    (b) Discuss the qualities of a Counsellor in brief.   6

    (c) What is the difference between a Psychiatrist and a Counsellor?   6

    (d) Describe the relation between a Counsellor and a Client.   6

    (e) What do you mean by mental stance of a Counsellor?   6

    (f) What is the importance of Empathy in Counselling?   6

SECTION-III

3. Answer any *two* questions of the following: 12×2 = 24

    (a) What do you mean by listening? Why listening is important in Counselling? 4+8

    (b) Explain with examples the different types of responses made by a Counsellor   12
        while attending a Client.

    (c) What is Confidentiality in Counselling? What kind of moral dilemma can be found   4+8
        centering round confidentiality in Counselling? Discuss.

    (d) Discuss the basic attitudes / core conditions for counselling following Carl Rogers.   12

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